PYQCTools Documentation

Release 1.0

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PYQCTools is a collection of python scripts useful to dump quantum chemistry integrals and to perform data postprocessing for different quantum chemistry methods.

PYQCTools requires the following prerequisites to work:

- Python 2.6, 2.7, 3.2, 3.3, 3.4
- Numpy 1.6.2 or higher
- Scipy 0.10 or higher (0.12.0 or higher for python 3.3, 3.4)
- PySCF for Integrals Calculation in Integrals Dumpings scripts.

CHAPTER

ONE

CONTENTS

1.1 Tools for Omega Space Green's Functions

gf_trace.py: Calculate the Density of States (DOS) value from an ω -dependent Green's Function. It makes the trace of the Green's Function associated with a certain frequency value.

Example:

from PYQCTools.Omega_GF import gf_trace

gf_trace.run(green.txt, omega_value)

green.txt: formatted text file containing the Green's function, omega_value: double frequency value.

1.2 Tools for Real-Time Green's Functions

rtgf.py: Calculate the Density of States (DOS) values during a time propagation. It makes the trace of timedependent Green's Functions calculated along a time propagation and return the DOS values as a function of time both for the real and for the imaginary part of the Green's Function.

Example:

from PYQCTools.RT_GF import rtgf

rtgf.run(prop_time, time_step, scratch)

prop_time: double value of the full propagation time (period), time_step: double value of the time-step, scratch: directory containing text files of the real (green.\$t.\$t.txt) and imaginary (green.30000+\$t.30000+\$t.txt) Green's Functions, where \$t indicate the specific time-step.

The script save two output files, rt_real.txt and rt_imag.txt, containing the real and imaginary part of the time-dependent DOS respectively.

fft.py: Perform the fourier transform of the time-dependent Density of States (DOS). It reads the
rt_real.txt and rt_imag.txt generated by the rtgf.py script and produces the ldos.out
and real_part.txt files containing the imaginary and real parts of the omega-dependent DOS respectively.

Example:

from PYQCTools.RT_GF import fft

fft.run(broad, rem_add)

broad: double value of the imaginary broadening, rem_add: string specifying if we are working with the addition or removal part of the Green's Function. It can assume only the values 'add' or 'rem'.

rtlrdm_builder.py: Build the Real and Imaginary parts of a Real-Time 1RDM at every time step starting from DMRG da It opportunely combines the 1RDM components read from files onepdm.\$t.\$t.txt where \$t is of the order of 1,2,3,..., 100001,10002,100003,... and 200001,200002,200003,... for the Real-Real, Imag-Real and Imag-Imag respectively.

Example:

from PYQCTools.RT_GF import rt1rdm_builder

rt1rdm_builder.run(prop_time, time_step, scratch)

prop_time: double value of the full propagation time (period), time_step: double value of the time-step, scratch: directory containing text files of the 1RDM components at every time-step.

extrapolation.py: Perform linear prediction to extend the total propagation time of a time propagation.

It reads N points of time-dependent DOS inside the files $rt_real.txt$ and $rt_imag.txt$ and use the last N/2 data to predict the following N points.

Example:

from PYQCTools.RT_GF import extrapolation

extrapolation.run(full_range)

full_range: boolean variable. If it is true is return the full range of calculated and predicted values, if it is false it returns only the predicted values.

The script produces new_full_data.out files if full_range = true otherwise it produces predicted.out output files.

iter_extrapolation.py: Perform an interative linear prediction to extend the total propagation time of a time propagatio

It reads 4 points of the time-dependent DOS inside the files rt_real.txt and rt_imag.txt and use the last 2 of them to predict the following N points.

Example:

from PYQCTools.RT_GF import iter_extrapolation

iter_extrapolation.run(N)

N: integer variable specifying the total number of points that need to be predicted.

The script produces new_full_real.out and new_full_imag.out output files with the real and imaginary parts of the exteded time-dependent DOS respectively.

1.3 Tools for Integrals Dumping

Integrals_dump.py: It dumps 1 and 2-electron integrals in the MO basis inside a CASCI space in FCIDUMP format. The PySCF input to calculate the integrals is already included in the script.

DipoleIntegrals_dump.py: It dumps dipole integrals in the MO basis in a CASCI space in FCIDUMP format. The PySCF input to calculate the integrals is already included in the script. LowdinOrtho_Integrals.py: It dumps 1 and 2-electron integrals in the Localized basis obtained by Lowdin Orthogonalize The PySCF input to calculate the integrals is already included in the script.

hubbard_1d: It dumps 1 and 2-electron integrals got the 1D Hubbard model.

Example:

from PYQCTools.Integrals_dump import hubbard_1d

hubbard_1d.run(nsites, t, U, output, pbc)

nsites: Number of sites, t: Hopping constant, U: Coupling constant, output: Output file name, pbc: 'True' of 'False' respectively if periodic boudary conditions need to be included or not.

MPSPT_integrals.py: It dumps the DYALL and PERTURB files to run NEVPT2 calculations by MPS-PT using the BLOC Integrals are dumped in FCIDUMP format. The PySCF input to calculate the integrals is already included in the script.

You can also download the PDF version of this manual.